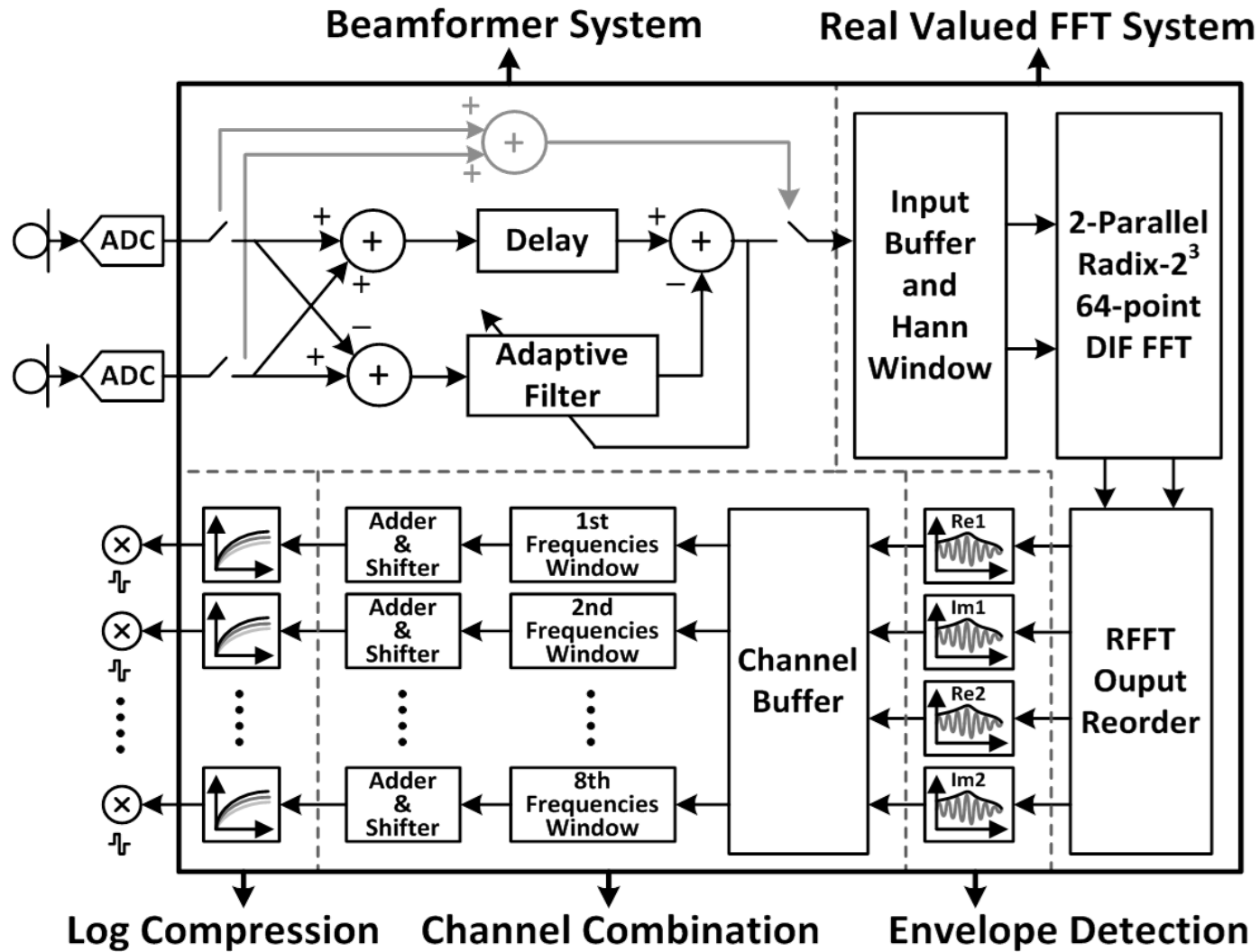


深層類神經網路在語音訊號處理之應用

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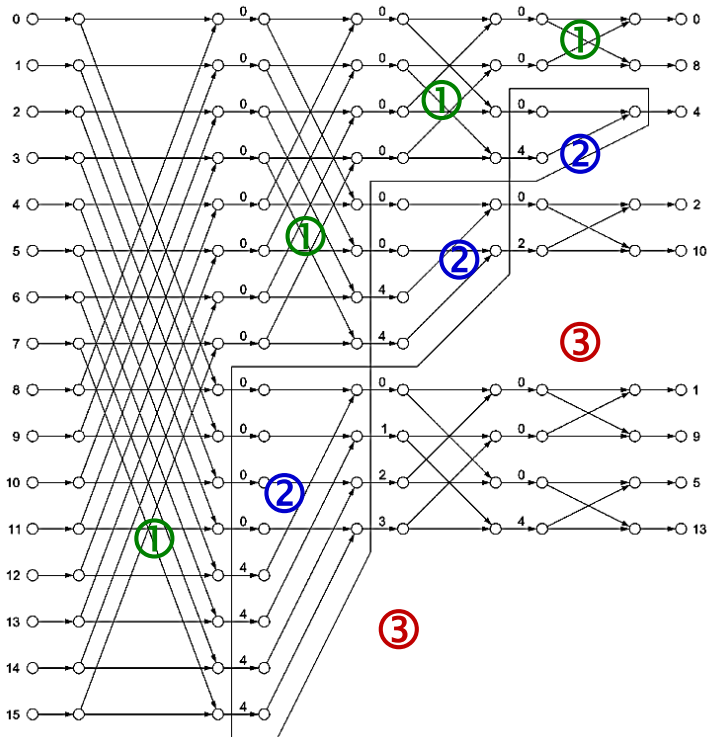
Proposed Acoustic Digital Signal Processor



Specific Algorithm for Real-Valued FFT

- Three properties to simplify FFT algorithm

- ① $\text{Im}(x[n]) = 0$: real-valued data before the first rotation
- ② Calculation of twiddle factors
- ③ $X[N - k] = X^*[k]$: redundant output



$$\text{Im}(x[n]) = 0$$

$$X_2[i + N/2] = X_1[i + N/2] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}i} + X_1[i + 3N/4] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}(i+N/4)}$$

$$X_2[i + N/2] = \{X_1[i + N/2] - j \cdot X_1[i + 3N/4]\} \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}i}$$

$$X[N - k] = X^*[k]$$

Channel Combination to Eight Channels

- Eight-channel combining method

- Greenwood function

$$f = \int_0^x \Delta f_{cb} dx = A(10^{\partial x} - k)$$

x : Position of hair cells

f : Corresponding frequency

- FFT bins with corresponding frequencies

Channel No.	FFT bin	Frequencies	Center Freq.
1	1-2	375Hz-750Hz	562.5Hz
2	2-4	750Hz-1500Hz	1125Hz
3	4-6	1,500Hz-2,250Hz	1875Hz
4	6-8	2,250Hz-3,000Hz	2625Hz
5	8-11	3,000Hz-4,125Hz	3562.5Hz
6	11-15	4,125Hz-5,625Hz	4875Hz
7	15-22	5,625Hz-8,250Hz	6937.5Hz
8	22-31	8,250Hz-11,625Hz	9937.5Hz

Future Work

- 未來將建立一個多層次模型來分析不同頻率的語音特徵，在音頻處理方面得到更好的結果，並以深層類神經網路建立自動消除噪音學習機制。
- 與現有發展之人工耳蝸的系統進行整合，燒錄到FPGA板上測試，觀察實際執行結果與後續晶片整合。